

Texas Geothermal Energy:

A Focus On Permian Basin And Trans-Pecos Regions

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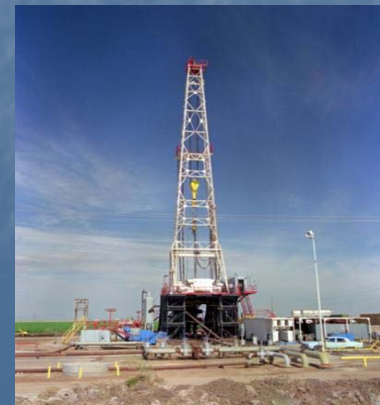
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(Susan Primeaux & Chase Patton)

The University of Texas of the Permian Basin
Center for Energy & Economic Diversification



* Which well is for natural gas? *

* Which well is for geothermal? *



Research Funded By:

- * DOE grant of \$194,458 to study deep Permian Basin geothermal energy (part of an anticipated 3-year Congressional appropriation) (# **DE-FG36-05GO 85023**).
- * State Energy Conservation Office grant of \$40,000 to help study deep Permian Basin geothermal energy and to develop a state-wide geothermal program (# **CM540**).

Electric Power Production Equivalence

Geothermal energy and geothermal plants are described in MW (megawatt) deliverability.

Size range 10 to 250 MW.

One MW (8,760,000 kWh) of electricity will meet the needs of approx. 1,000 households (approximately 4,000 people).

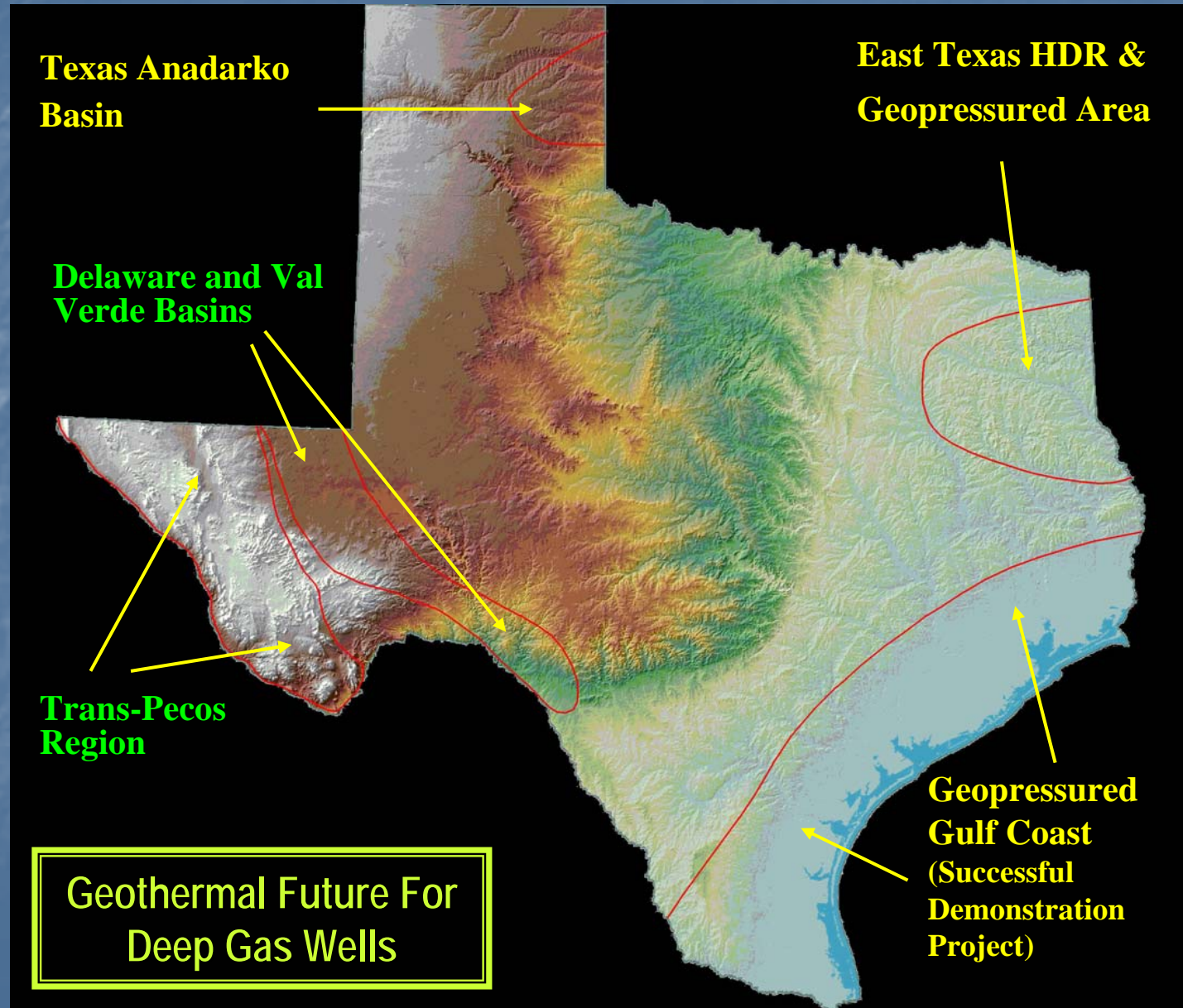
1 bbl crude oil = 1,699 kWh electricity

1 mcf gas = 303 kWh electricity

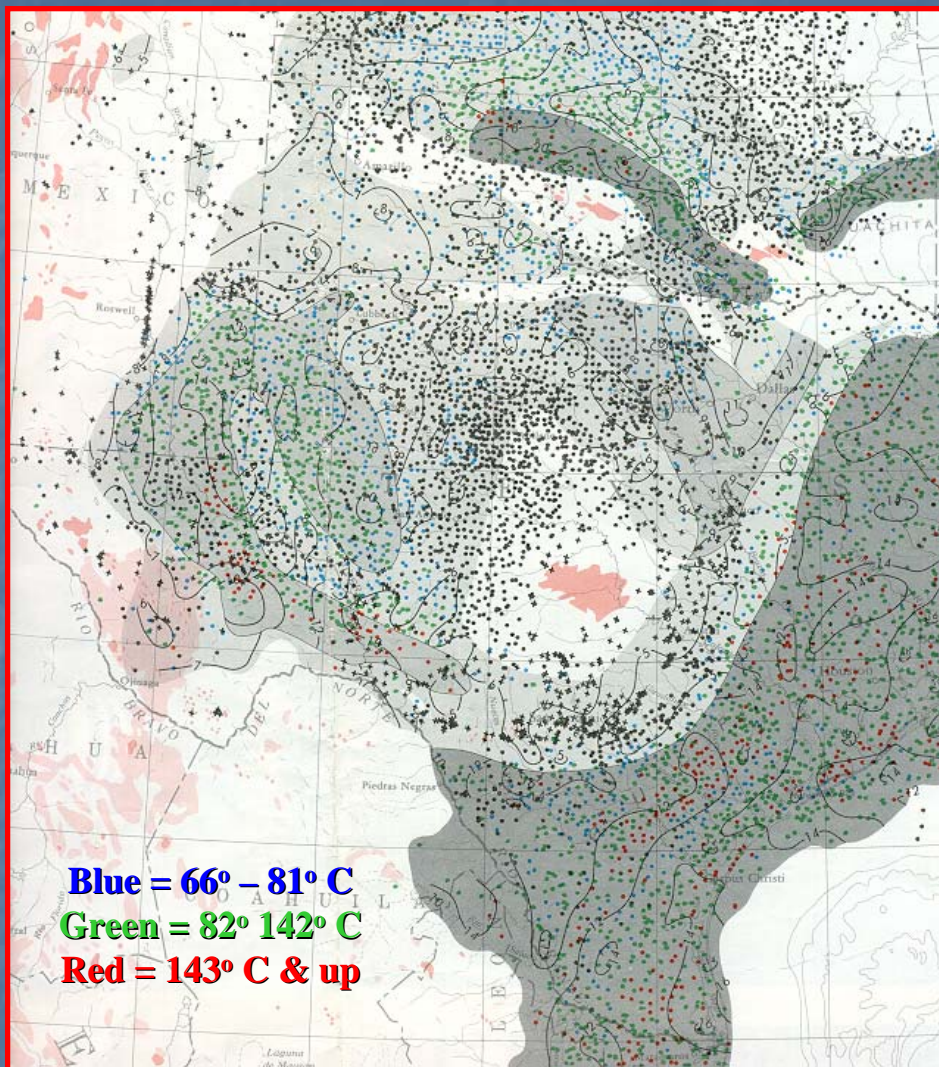
A 250 MW generating plant requires 1,288,994 bbls of oil or 7,227,722 mcf of natural gas in one year.

Target Areas For Electrical Power Generation

If we look at Texas, with the idea of a new energy resource, we have to ask where are the target areas for this resource.... say for electrical power generation? There are five.

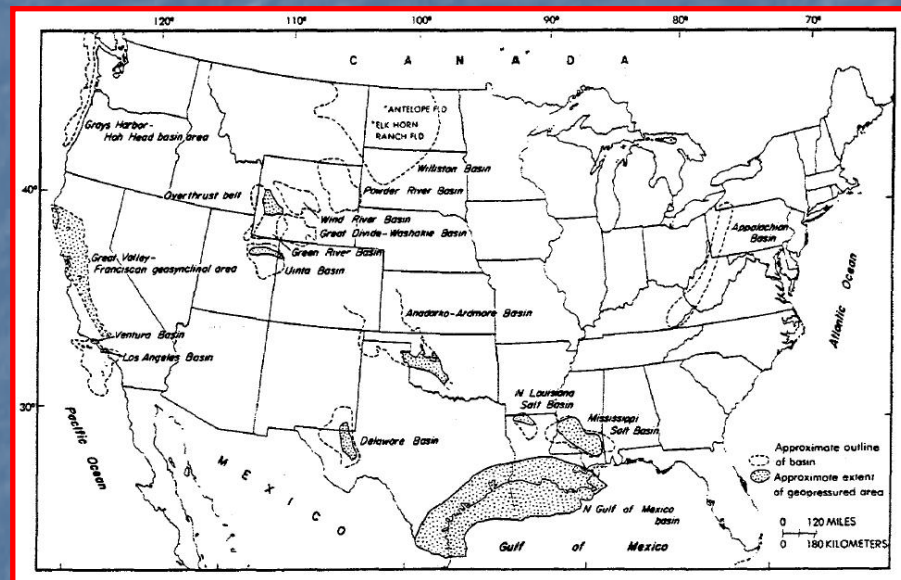


1976 USGS/AAPG North American Geothermal Study



**Dark gray region = area where contoured
isotherm is 150°C (302°F)**

Geopressured Areas – Wallace, 1982, GSA Meeting



**Geopressured reservoir = sedimentary rock
under higher than normal confining
pressure
(0.465 lb/in²/ft).**

Permian Basin - Deep

University Lands Location Map Within Area Of Study

Oil And Gas Lease Sale No. 107

April 20, 2005



Yellow = Leased

Blue = Leased (Horizontally Severed)

White = Unleased

Green = Nominated Tracts

There are a several possible stratigraphic targets within the Delaware and Val Verde Basins.

Devonian Porosity Range 2 to 25%
 Avg. Porosity 6 to 8%
 Fracture Permeability Range 1 to 2,840 md
 Avg. Permeability 10.5 md

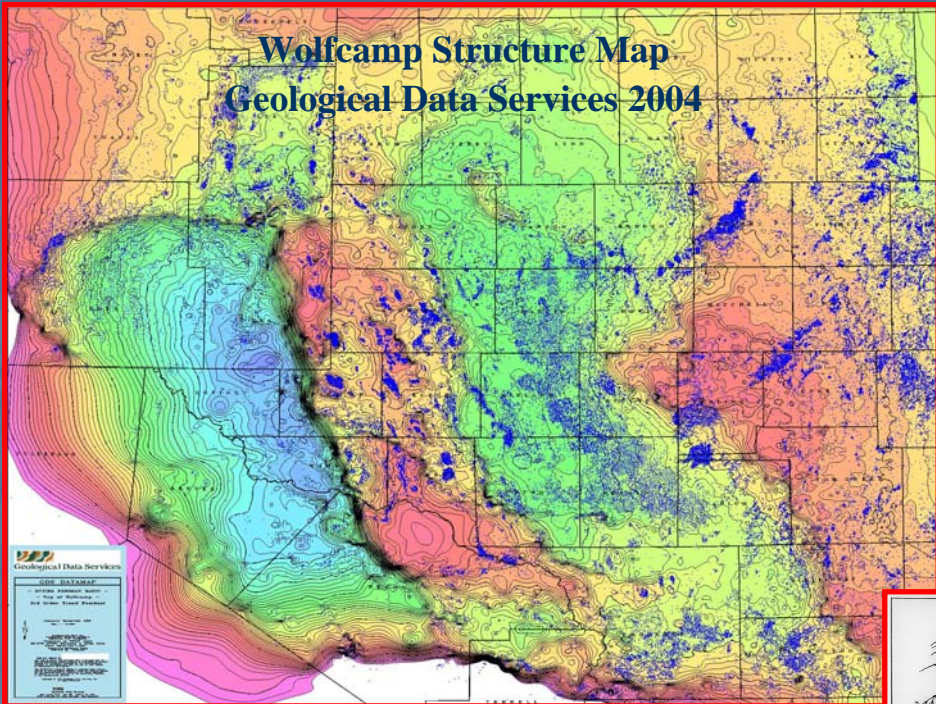
Fusselman Porosity 3 to 11%
 Avg. Porosity 4 to 5%
 Fracture Permeability Range 2 to 26 md
 Avg. Permeability 8.5 md

Ellenburger Porosity 2 to 14%
 Avg. Porosity 4%
 Fracture Permeability Range 0.1 to 2,250 md
 Avg. Permeability 75 md

PERIOD	SERIES	VAL VERDE & S. DELAWARE BASIN	NORTHERN DELAWARE BASIN	
Quaternary 1.8 MYA	Recent		Alluvium	
	Pleistocene			
Tertiary 67 MYA	Pliocent To Eocene		Ogalalla	
	Gulfian			
Cretaceous 149 MYA	Comanchean		Fredricksburg Ls. Trinity Paluxy	
Triassic 250 MYA	Upper	Santa Rosa	Santa Rosa	
Permian 288.5 MYA	Ochoan	Dewey Lake	Dewey Lake	
		Rustler	Rustler	
			Salado	
	Guadalupian		Castile	
		Yates	Lamar	
		Seven Rivers	Bell Canyon	
		Queen	Cherry Canyon	
		Grayburg		
		San Andres	Brushy Canyon	
	Leonardian	Delaware Sands		
		Upper Leonard	First Sand	
	Wolfcampian	Wichita-Albany		Second Sand
				Third Sand
Pennsylvanian 320 MYA	Wolfcampian	Wolfcamp	Wolfcamp	
	Virgilian			
	Missourian			
	Desmoinesian	Strawn	Strawn	
	Atokan		Atoka	
	Morrowan		Morrow	
	Chesterian		Barnett	
Mississippian 360 MYA	Meramecian	Barnett - Miss. Shale	Mississippian L.	
	Osagian			
	Kinderhookian	Woodford	Woodford	
	Devonian 408 MYA	Lower	Devonian	Devonian
	Silurian 438 MYA	Upper	Silurian	Silurian
	Ordovician 504 MYA	Upper	Montoya	Montoya
Tulip Creek		Tulip Creek		
McLish		McLish		
Oil Creek		Oil Creek		
Joins		Joins		
Lower		Ellenburger	Ellenburger	
Cambrian 570 MYA		Upper	Wilberns	Wilberns
Precambrian		Precambrian	Precambrian	

360 MYA	Osagian		Mississippian Lime	
	Kinderhookian	Woodford	Woodford	
Devonian 408 MYA	Upper			
	Lower	Devonian	Devonian	
Silurian 438 MYA	Upper	Silurian	Silurian	
	Lower	Fusselman	Fusselman	
Ordovician 504 MYA	Upper	Montoya	Montoya	
				Middle
	Tulip Creek	Tulip Creek		
	McLish	McLish		
	Oil Creek	Oil Creek		
	Joins	Joins		
	Lower	Ellenburger	Ellenburger	
Cambrian 570 MYA	Upper	Wilberns	Wilberns	
Precambrian		Precambrian	Precambrian	

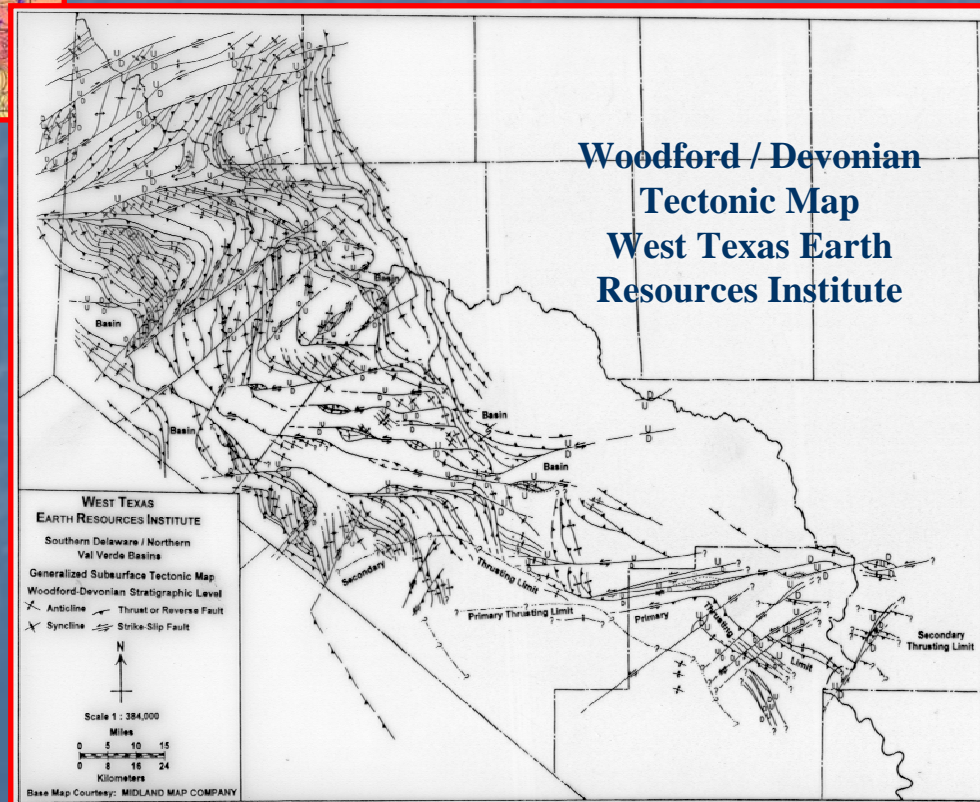
**Wolfcamp Structure Map
Geological Data Services 2004**



The Delaware and Val Verde Basins represent the deepest and hottest sub-basins of the entire Permian Basin.

Tectonics and structure must be integrated into subsurface maps to determine relation of structures and temperature data.

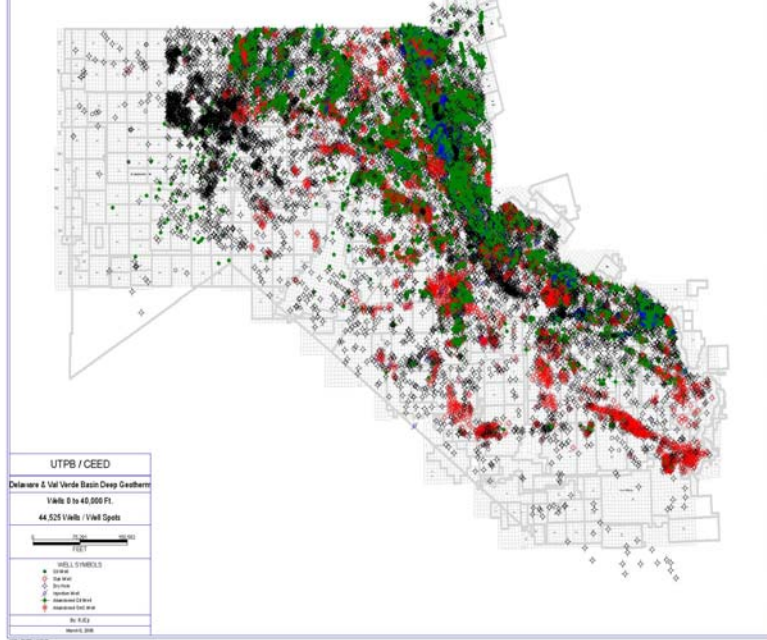
There are many wells to use in this analysis.



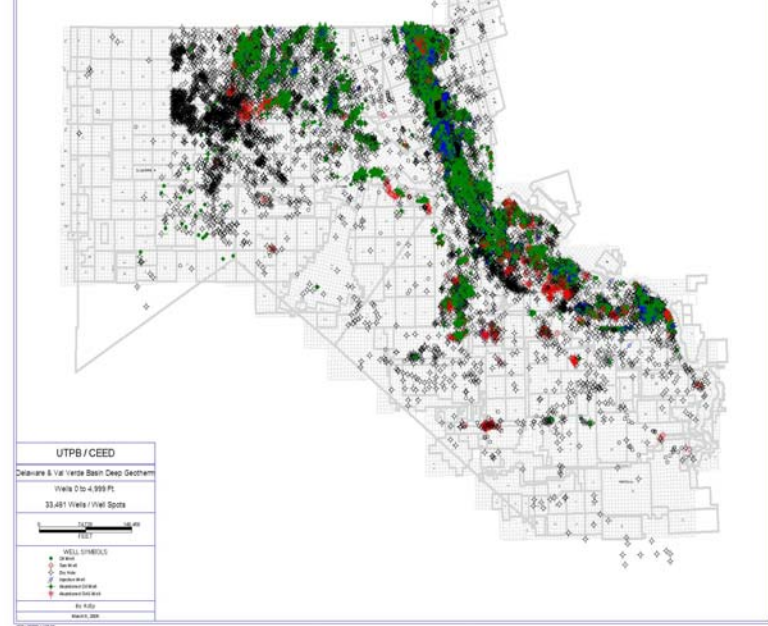
**Woodford / Devonian
Tectonic Map
West Texas Earth
Resources Institute**

**WEST TEXAS
EARTH RESOURCES INSTITUTE**
Southern Delaware / Northern
Val Verde Basins
Generalized Subsurface Tectonic Map
Woodford-Devonian Stratigraphic Level
X Anticline Thrust or Reverse Fault
X Syncline Strike-Slip Fault
N
Scale 1 : 384,000
Miles 0 5 10 15
Kilometers 0 8 16 24
Base Map Courtesy: MIDLAND MAP COMPANY

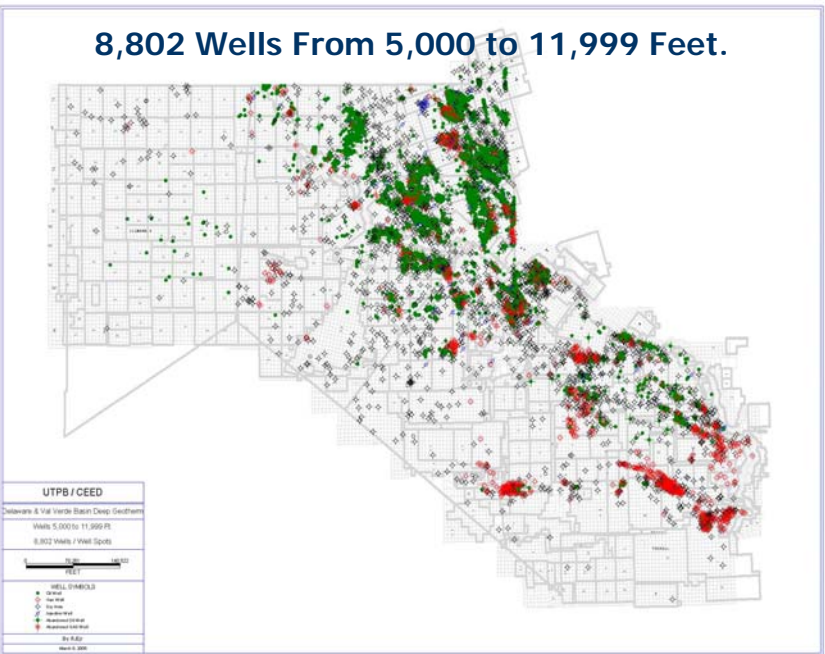
44,525 Wells From 0 to Basement.



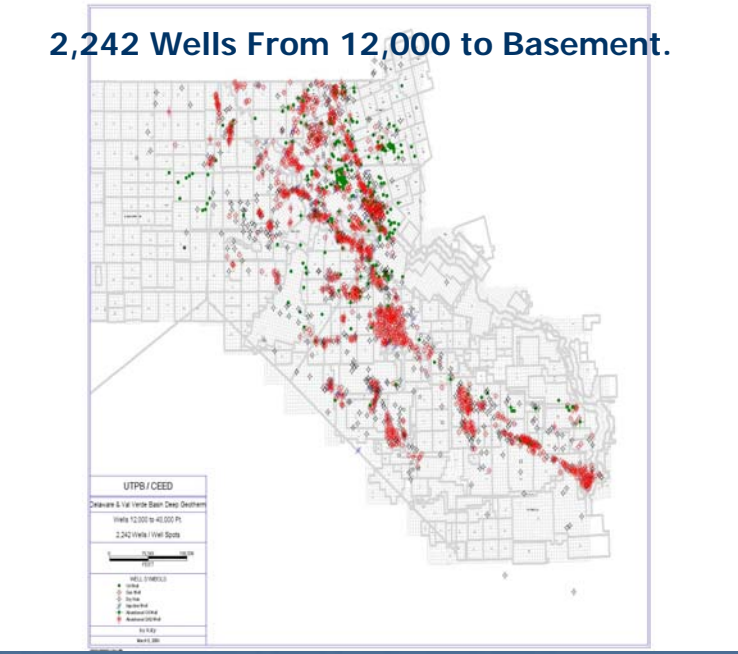
33,481 Wells From 0 to 4,999 Feet.



8,802 Wells From 5,000 to 11,999 Feet.



2,242 Wells From 12,000 to Basement.



GDS data with Topographic Mapping Company grid. Petra Software.

Data Base In Pecos County

Microsoft Excel - DOEGEOTHERMALPROJECT_PecosCounty 2.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data Window Help Acrobat

Arial 9 B I U

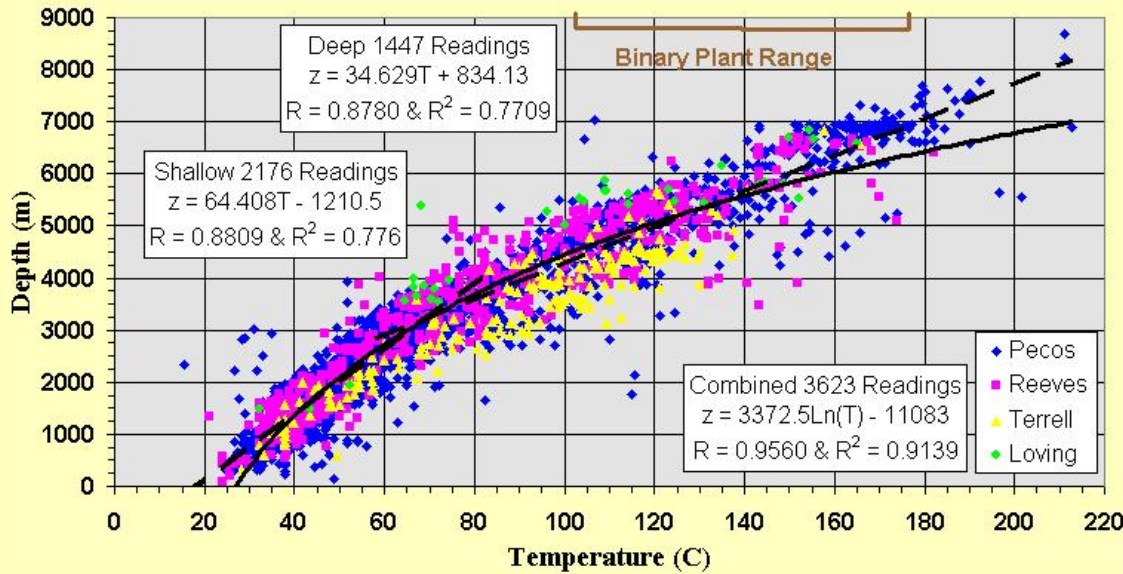
O3 =

1	Entry #	Box #	API number	Field	Operator	Well Name	Location			Driller's	Logger's	Date	(F)	(C)
2					(on log)	(including #)	Block	TP	Sec	Survey	depth	depth		Temp
3														
4														
44	40	181		Oates NE	Humble	Eichenhofer #1	3		156	T&PRR	15897			-
45	41	110	42-371-11074	NE Oates	OIL & REFIN	B.W Vallat #1	3		157	T&PRR	13730	13,723	06/01/68	212.00 100.00
46	42	110	42-371-30440	Oates	en Oil Corpora	choffer-State #1	3		158	T&PRR	15000	15,003	12/27/70	162.00 72.22
47	43	110	42 371 106820	Wildcat	Gregg Oil Co.	Kennedy #1	3		165	T&PRR	5130	5,128	02/28/61	106.00 41.11
48	44	110	42 371 01140	Wildcat	Bond Oil Co.	L.R. Kennedy #	3		168	T&PRR	5026	5,037	03/25/61	100.00 37.78
49	45	110	42 371 33181	Wildcat	Texaco	anzanita Unit #	3		169	T&PRR	17050	5,010	11/01/80	107.00 41.67
50	46	110	42 371 11188	Oates NE	Sinclair	Wofford #1	3		179	T&PRR	15500	15,516	08/21/68	255.00 123.89
51	47	110	42 371 11157	Oates NE	Humble	Mitchell #1	3		180	T&PRR	15106	15,104	08/04/68	225.00 107.22
52	48	110		Wildcat	Saxet	Oates "A" #1	3		180	T&PRR	906			-
53	49	110	42 371 33051	Oates NE	Exxon	Oates G U 4 #	3		181	T&PRR	13988	13,962	10/04/80	250.00 121.11
54	50	110		Oates NE	Humble	Oates G U 4 #1	3		181	T&PRR	14375	4,628	12/07/67	131.00 55.00
55	51	110	42 371 10671	Oates NE	Humble	Smith #1	3		182	T&PRR	13725	5,887	10/19/65	98.00 36.67
56	52	110	42 371 00583	Wildcat	Comer	Oates #1	3		183	T&PRR	4512	4,506	01/11/61	104.00 40.00
57	53	110		Oates NE	Humble	Davis #1	3		183	T&PRR	13950	13,960	10/02/68	310.00 154.44
58	54	110	42 371 10860	Oates NE	Humble	Belding #1	3		184	T&PRR	15050	6,118	03/31/67	109.00 42.78
59	55	110		Oates NE	Great Western	Oates #1	3		195	T&PRR	2274	2,274	01/16/53	94.00 34.44
60	56	110	42 371 30032	Oates NE	Humble	Shell #1	3		196	T&PRR	13859	13,859	06/23/69	295.00 146.11
61	57	110	42 371 10929	Oates NE	Humble	tes Gas Unit 2	3		197	T&PRR	14700	14,307	11/11/67	229.00 109.44
62	58	110		Oates NE	mbers & Kenn	tic Eichenhofer	3		197	T&PRR	14800	14,795	06/13/68	235.00 112.78
63	59	110	42 371 11077	Oates NE	mbers & Kenn	tic Eichenhofer	3		198	T&PRR	14600	14,792	06/11/68	-
64	60	110		Oates NE	western Natur	Dulaney #1	3		199	T&PRR	15123	15,131	01/14/70	242.00 116.67
65	61	110	42 371 30575	Wildcat	C&K	ownsend Est #	3		208	T&PRR	14,972			-
66	62	TL95/F2	42-371-01084	WILDCAT	PETROLEUM	uth-University	16		1	UT Lands	7,400	1,618	12/17/59	80 26.67
67	63	TL95/F2	42-371-10955	WILDCAT	ROWN, H. L., J	University #3-1	16		3	UT Lands	7,250	7,253	12/04/67	114 45.56
68	64	JT Lands	42-371-36805	DS (DEVOI	PETROLEUM	niversity "4" #3	16		3	UT Lands				-
69	65	JT Lands	42-371-37276	DS (DEVOI	WESTERN DR	niversity "16-3"	16		3	UT Lands				-
70	66	TL95/F2	42-371-30512	HAYES (C	PETROLEUM	University #1	16		4	UT Lands	6,285	6,271	06/04/71	-
71	67	JT Lands	42-371-30512	HAYES (C	PETROLEUM	University #1	16		4	UT Lands				-
72	68	JT Lands	42-371-36396	DS (DEVOI	PETROLEUM	niversity "4" #	16		4	UT Lands				-
73	69	JT Lands	42-371-36506	DS (DEVOI	PETROLEUM	niversity "4" #	16		4	UT Lands				-

general / Basic / DSTs / temps / engineering / Pecos County / Tops / Sheet1

Ready Sum=24252 NUM

Bottom Hole Temperatures

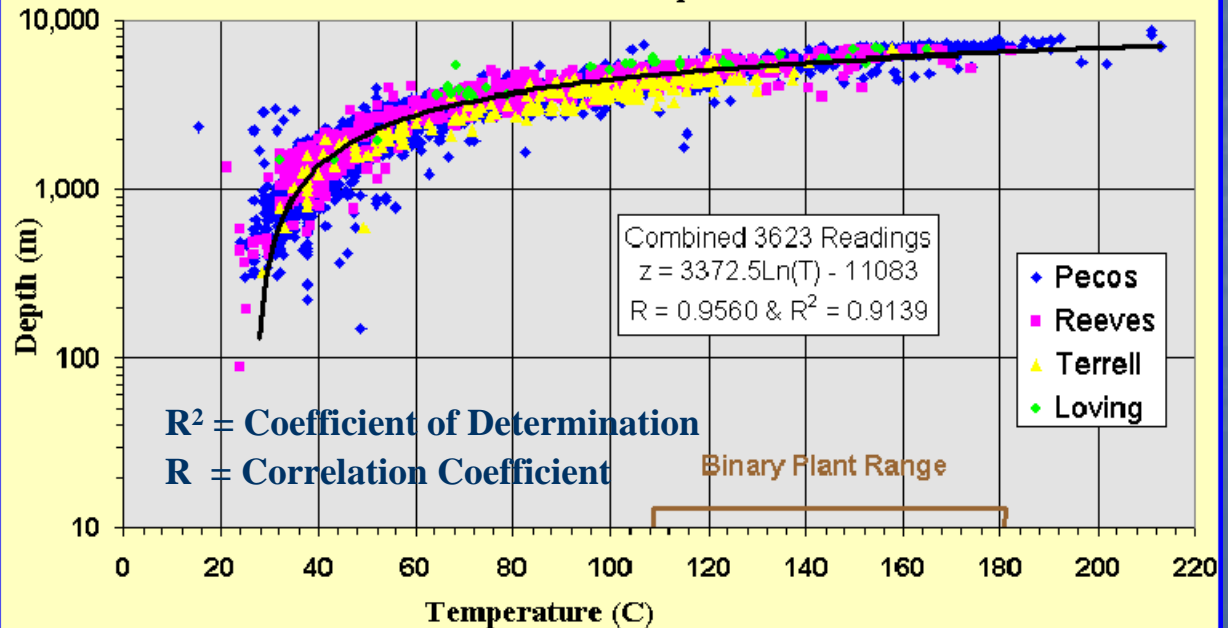


BHT Data Points:
 Pecos = 2,559; Reeves = 834;
 Terrell = 196; Loving = 36

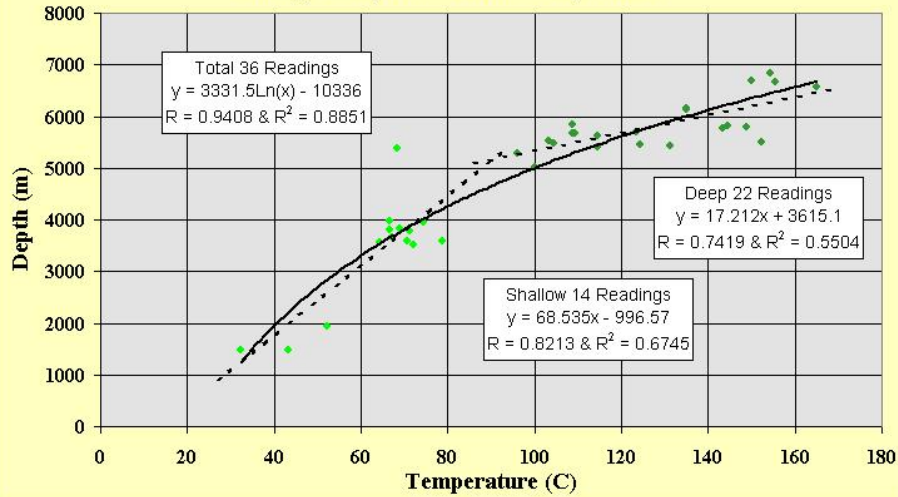
**Data originally compiled
 by West Texas Earth
 Resources Institute.**

**Temperature gradient
 appears to be
 lognormal.**

Bottom Hole Temperatures

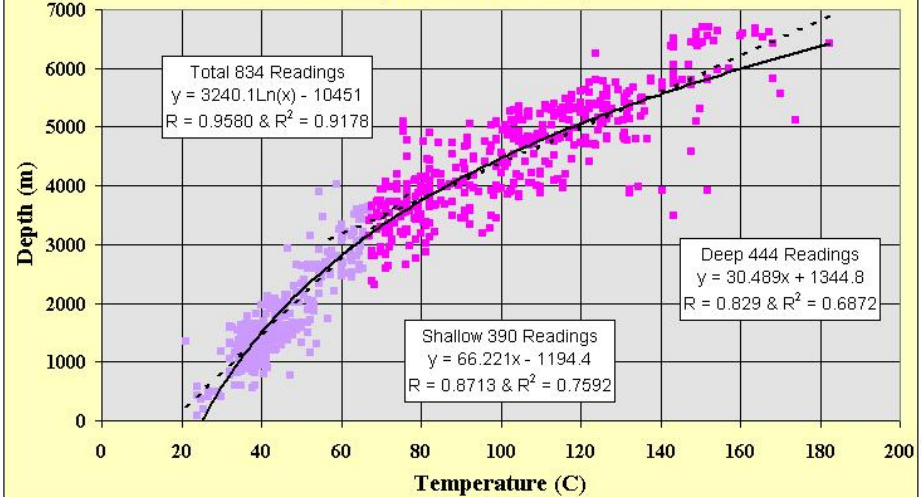


Loving County Bottom Hole Temperatures



Loving = 36

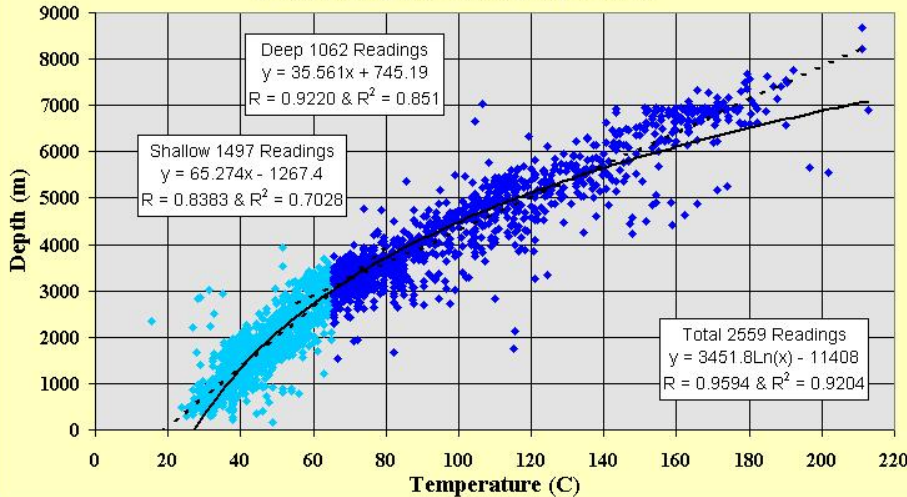
Reeves County Bottom Hole Temperatures



Reeves = 834

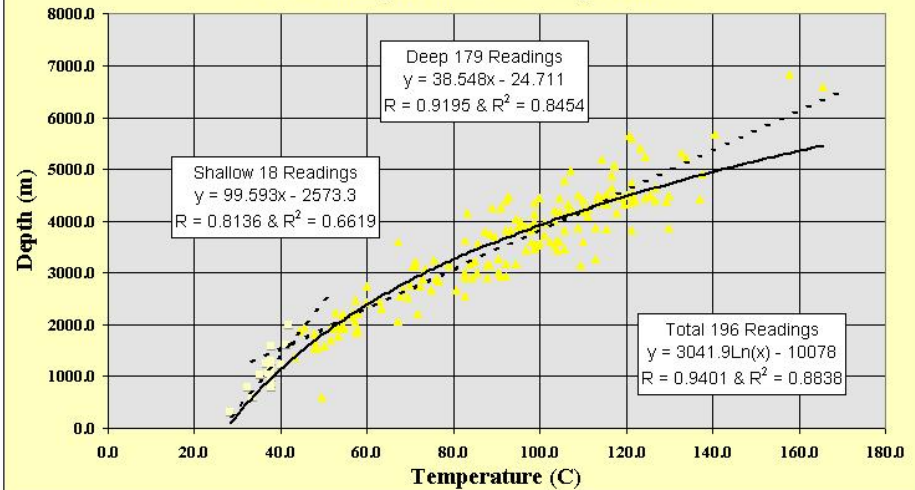
Pecos = 2,559

Pecos County Bore Hole Temperatures



Terrell = 196

Terrell County Bottom Hole Temperatures



UTPB / CEED

PECOS COUNTY BHT STUDY

ATTRIBUTE MAP

- Core: WELL - FD 120000.00 to 130000.00
- Core: WELL - FD 130000.00 to 150000.00
- Core: WELL - FD 200000.00 to 200000.00
- Core: WELL - FD 210000.00 to 210000.00
- Core: WELL - FD 220000.00 to 220000.00
- Core: WELL - FD 230000.00 to 230000.00
- Core: WELL - FD 240000.00 to 240000.00
- Core: WELL - FD 250000.00 to 250000.00
- Core: WELL - FD 260000.00 to 260000.00
- Core: WELL - FD 270000.00 to 270000.00
- Core: WELL - FD 280000.00 to 280000.00
- Core: BHT_DATA - WELL_LOC_BHT'S (UTPB) & PRESC



CONTOURS

BHT_DATA - WELL_LOC_BHT'S (UTPB) - Well Log BHT's
BHT_DATA - WELL_LOC_BHT'S (UTPB) - Well Log BHT's
Contour Interval = 5



WELL SYMBOLS

- Oil Well
- Gas Well
- Dry Hole
- Injection Well
- Abandoned Oil Well
- Abandoned GAS Well

By: bcm

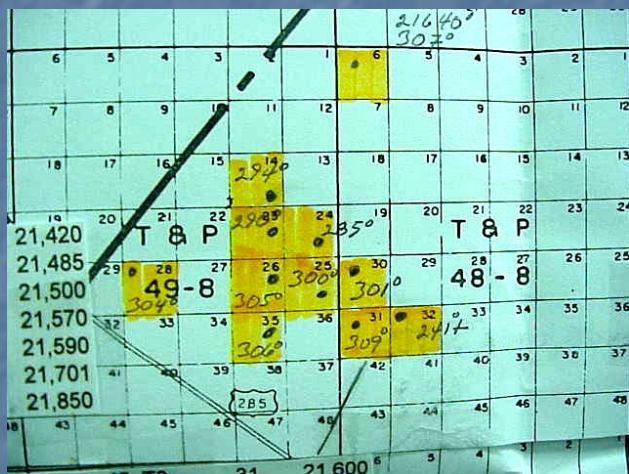




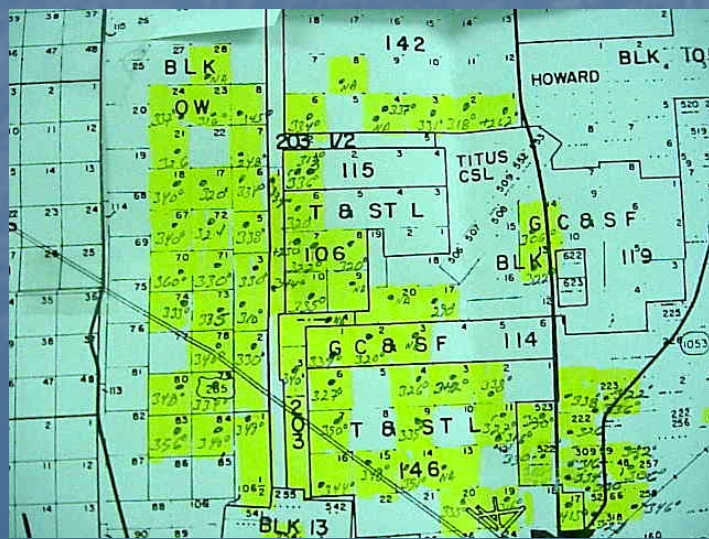
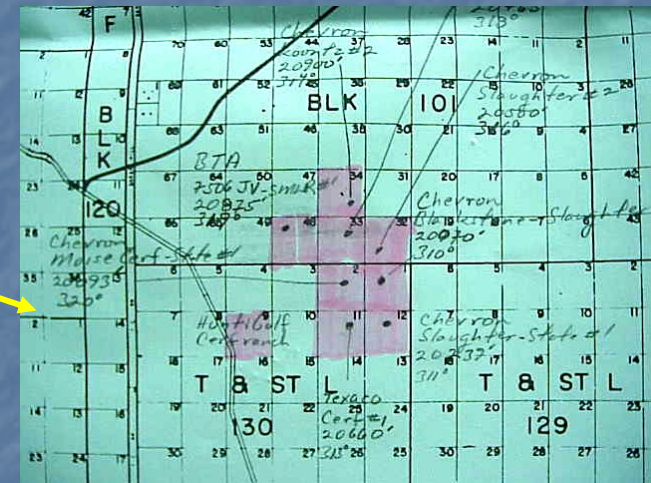
Pecos County @ 18,000 – 19,000 ft



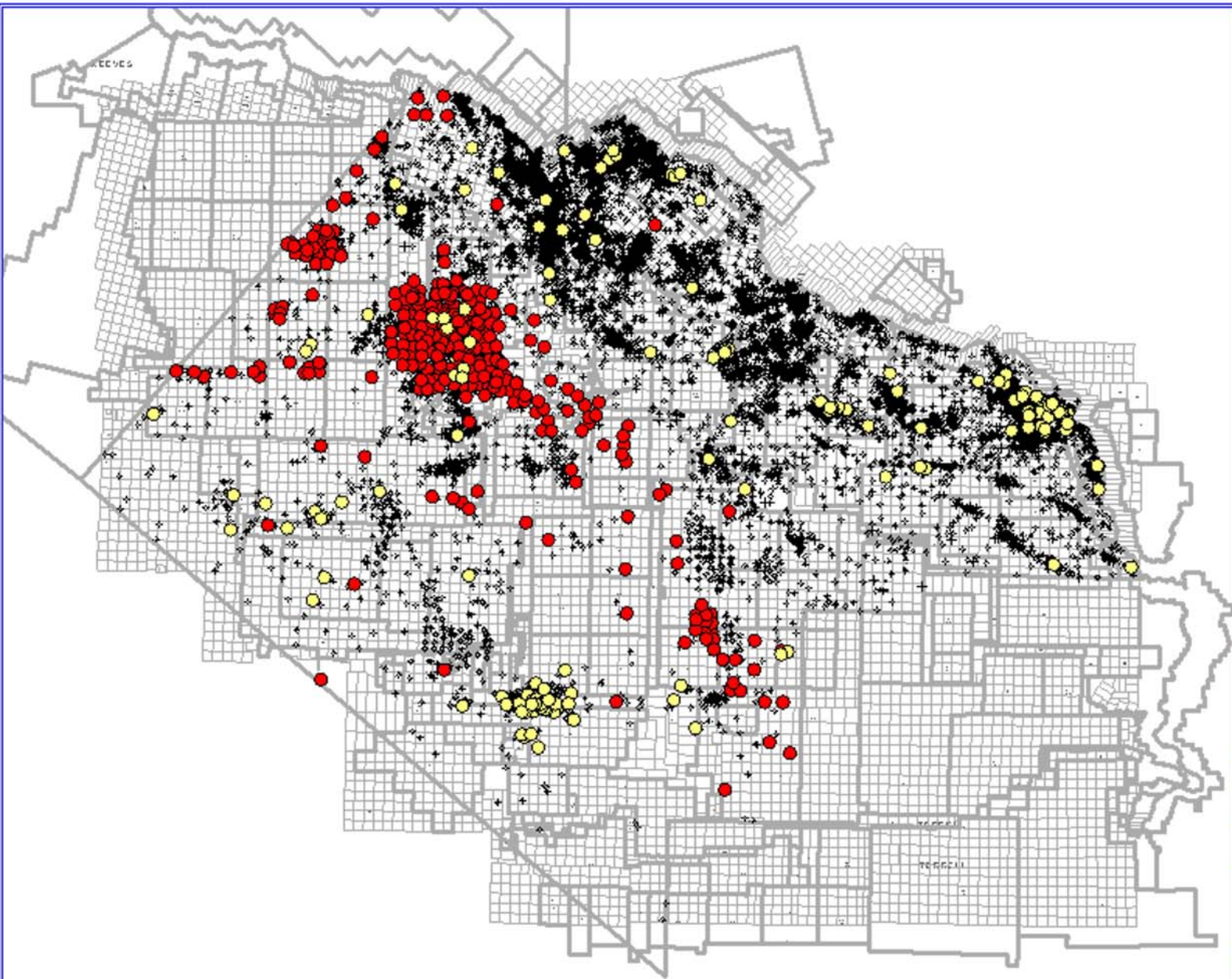
Pecos County @ 20,000 – 21,000 ft



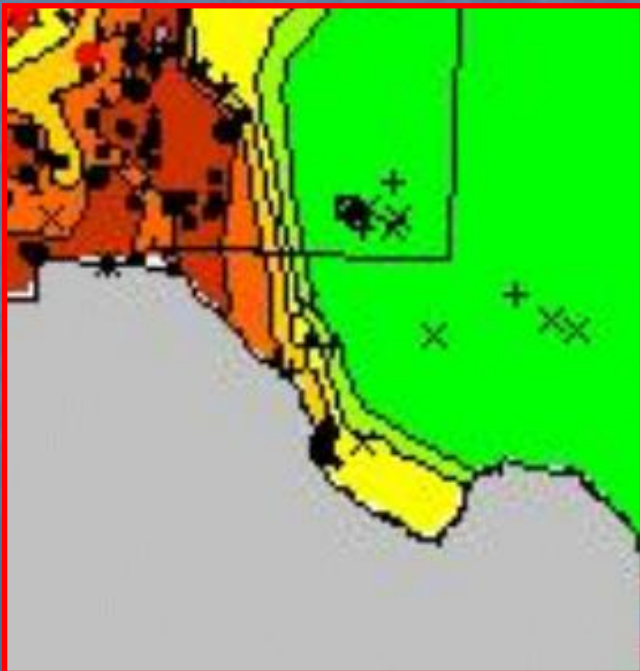
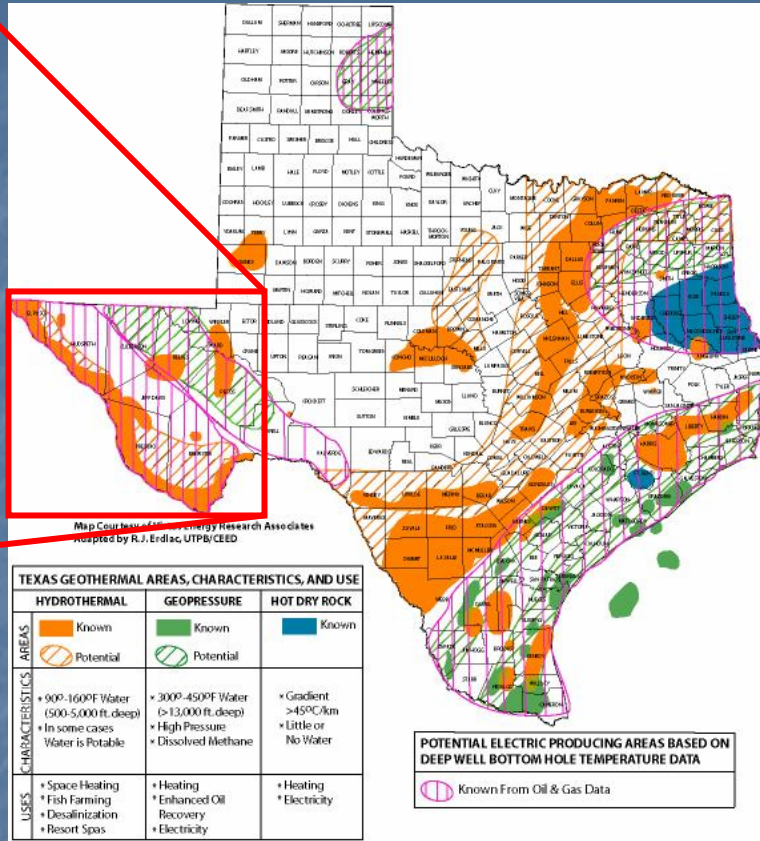
Pecos County @ 21,000 – 22,000 ft



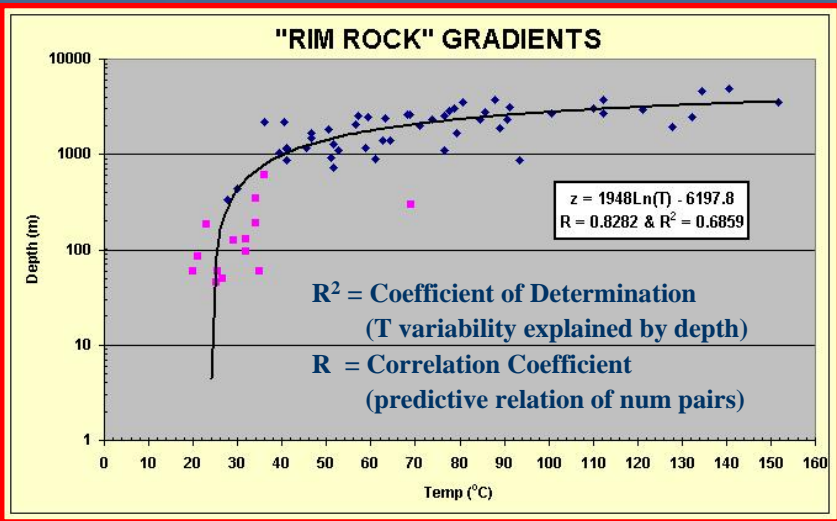
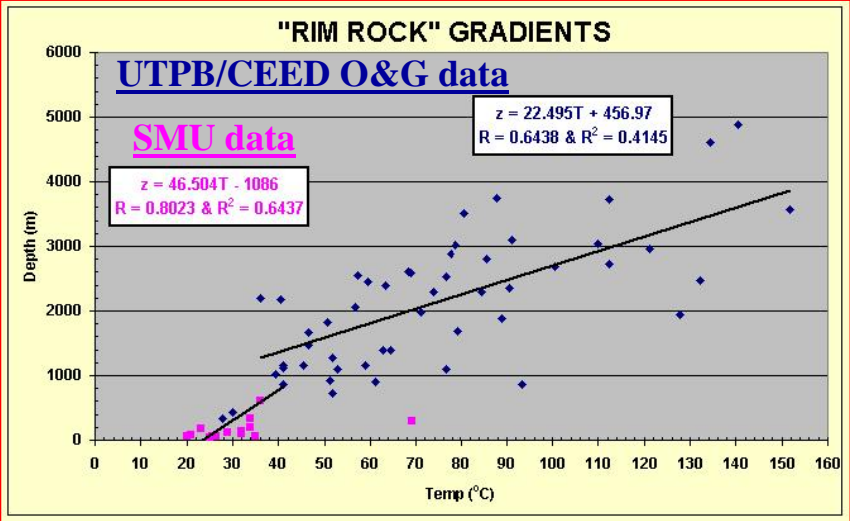
Pecos County @ 22,000 – 23,000 ft



Trans-Pecos Region

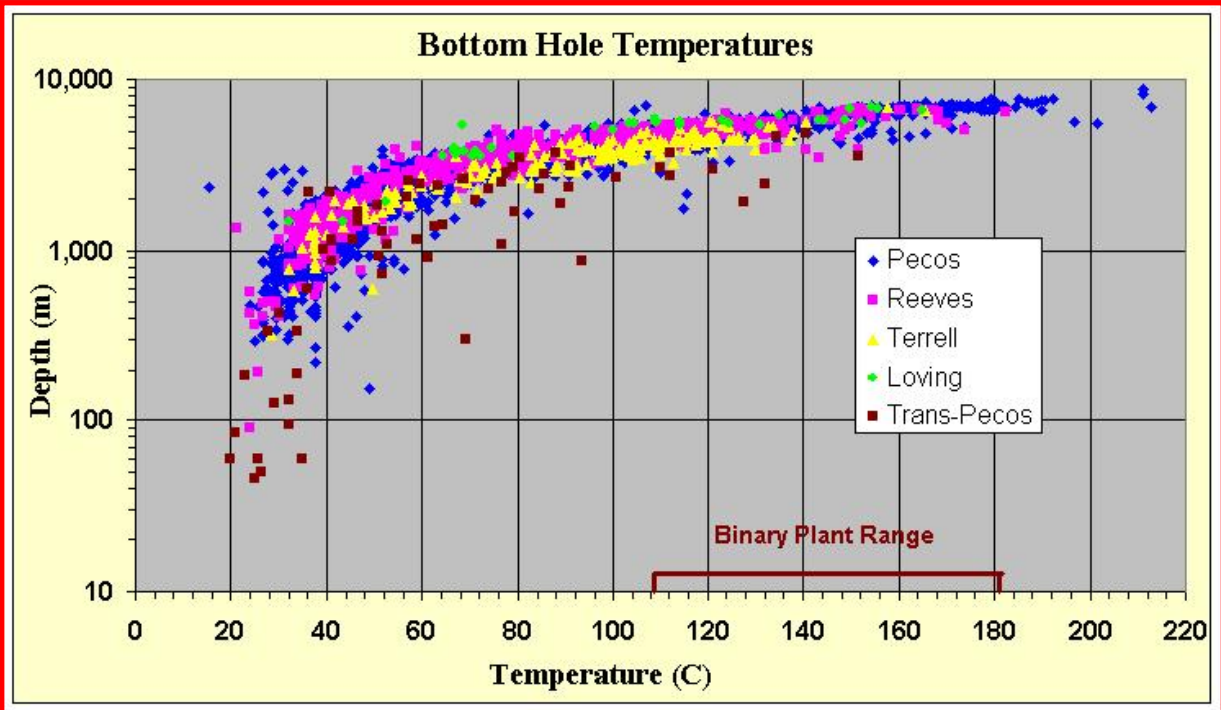


The “Texas Renewable Energy Resource Assessment” map by Virtus saw a hydrothermal potential for the Trans-Pecos, but did not include these temperatures within the realm of electricity generation. Maps developed for the DOE show a thermal gradient similar to the Gulf Coast, but with a heat flux in the north part of the region at 80 mW/m² and up, much higher than the 60-70 mW/m² found in the Gulf Coast. The temperatures and heat flux do appear to support electric generation. Texas Map adapted by R.J. Erdlac, Jr.



Two straight lines are defined in the normal-normal plot and one logarithmic curve for the log-normal plot. In the first plot, the shallow line gives $dT/dz = 21.5^\circ\text{C}/\text{km}$ with the deep line having $dT/dz = 44.5^\circ\text{C}/\text{km}$, over twice the shallow value. The log-normal curve gives a better statistical fit.

Note proximity of Trans-Pecos wells and those in Delaware Basin, especially in Pecos County.



Resource Amount – Harder To Gage At Present Time

Gulf Coast

(General Land Office of Texas 1979)

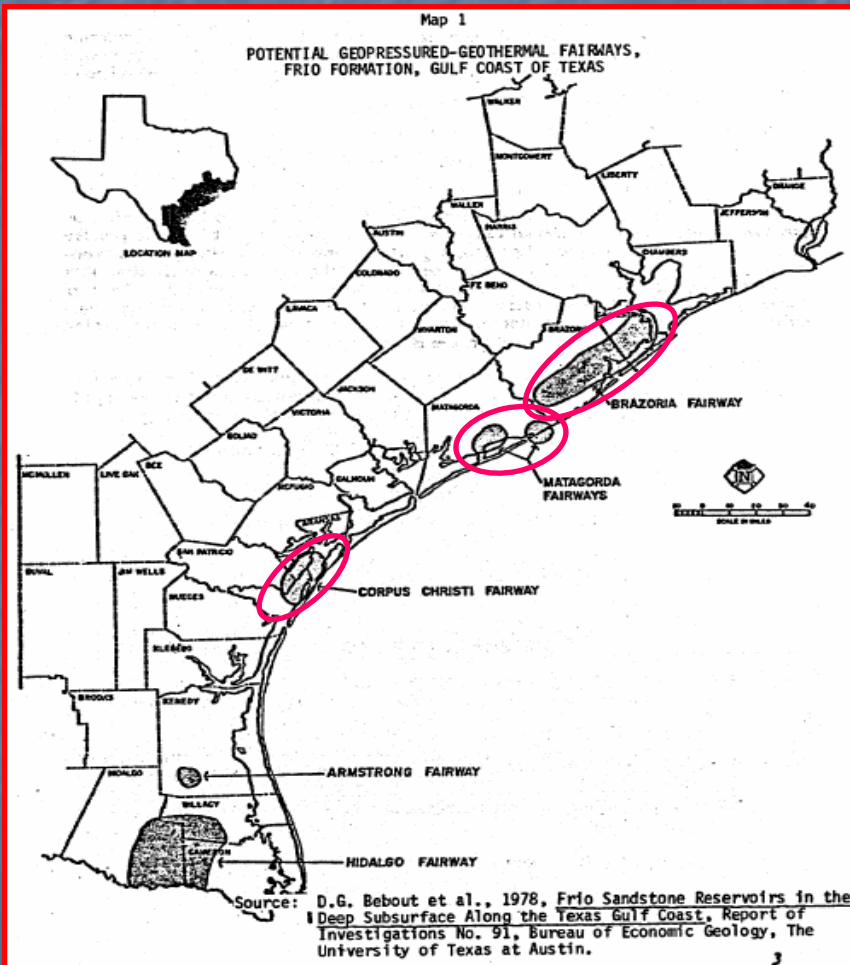


Table 2

ASSUMED VALUES OF FAIRWAY PARAMETERS:
OPTIMISTIC WITH DEEP REINJECTION SCENARIOS

Parameter	Fairway		
	Brazoria	Matagorda	Corpus Christi
Reservoir Characteristics			
Temperature	350°F	350°F	350°F
Porosity	22%	20%	20%
Permeability (millidarcies)	50	5	5
Percent fluid recovery (with deep reinjection)	45%	15%	15%
Gas content (SCF/bbl)	50	50	50
Fairway extent (square miles)	908	353	632
Fraction of fairway producible	100%	100%	100%
Wells			
Success ratio in drilling producible wells	50%	50%	50%
Use of unsuccessful production wells for disposal wells	100%	100%	100%
Flow rate per well (bbls/day)	128,838	10,931	10,931
Support area per well (square miles)	11.45	4.01	4.01
Fuel and Electric Generating Plants			
Life of facilities (years)	60	60	60
No. production wells per plant	3	9	9
No. disposal wells per plant	6	18	18
Electrical generating capacity per plant (megawatts)	48.3	12.3	12.3
Gas flow capacity per plant (SCF/yr)	7.05X10 ⁹	1.80X10 ⁹	1.80X10 ⁹
Fairway Development			
No. plants:			
Per fairway	16	6	8
Per fairway fed by wells on PFSL	6	4	8
Production wells:			
Per fairway	48	54	72
In PFSL	8	16*	39
Adjacent to PFSL	10	6**	17
No. disposal wells per fairway	96	108	144
Electrical generating capacity per fairway (megawatts)	773.03	73.78 ¹⁰	98.38 ¹⁰
Gas flow capacity per fairway (SCF/yr)	1.13X10 ¹¹	1.06X10 ¹⁰	1.44X10 ¹⁰

* Of 16 wells, 9 are assumed to be in eastern portion, and 7 in western portion.

**Of 6 wells, 2 are assumed to be in eastern portion, and 4 in western portion.

Source: C.D. Zinn, 1977. Operations Research and Systems Analysis of Geothermal-Geopressured Resources in Texas - Final Report. Research Report No. 10, Center for Energy Studies, The University of Texas at Austin.

Gulf Coast – calculations based upon defined fairways and Pleasant Bayou #2

Parameter	Fairway			Total
	Brazoria	Matagorda	Corpus Christi	
Fairway extent (sq mi.)	908	353	632	1893
Fraction of fairway producible (%)	100	100	100	xxx
Production wells per fairway	48	54	72	174
Estimated rating on heat alone (1.1 MW/well)	52.8	59.4	79.2	191.4
Estimated rating on heat alone (1 MW/well)	48	54	72	174
Estimated rating on heat alone (0.9 MW/well)	43.2	48.6	64.8	156.6

These calculations do not include the rest of the Gulf Coast!

Based upon single pay zone.

Delaware Basin – calculations based upon defined fairways in Gulf Coast that are for sandstone reservoirs and not limestone or dolostone reservoirs.

Estimated Area	Estimated Well Rating From Heat Only	Fairway Model		
		Brazoria - 48 wells / 908 mi ²	Matagorda - 54 wells / 353 mi ²	Corpus Christi - 72 wells / 632 mi ²
5,544 mi ²	1.1 MW	322 MW	933 MW	695 MW
	1.0 MW	293 MW	848 MW	632 MW
	0.9 MW	264 MW	763 MW	568 MW

Values will increase if well rating is higher

Low

High

Does not include multiple pay zones.

CONCLUSIONS

*"The future of the Texas oil and gas industry is tied to
The future of a Texas geothermal industry."*

- Companies have the opportunity to use existing and develop new infrastructures towards geothermal development.
- This will require the same entrepreneurial spirit that created the oil and gas industry to rise and inaugurate a new energy evolution in the Permian Basin.
- This means creating an energy triad oil gas and geothermal combined.

* Which well is for natural gas? *

* Which well is for geothermal? *



To Be Continued

